

Ebaluazio Atala Sección de Evaluación



2020/2021



Marking Guidelines

Name / Surname(s):

School:

Group:

City / Town:

Date:

English Literacy

Year 2 of Secondary Education



Instructions

This test consists of three parts: Listening, Reading and Writing.

Listening

We will begin with a listening test. You will hear someone speaking about a situation.

- First, read the questions (2 minutes).
- Listen carefully to the recording. You will hear the recording twice.
- After each part you will have time to answer the questions.

For each question you have to circle the right answer. For example:

Example 1. How many months are there in a year?

- A. 2 months.
- B. 17 months.
- C. 12 months.
- D. 10 months.

If you decide to change your answer, cross out **(X)** your first option and circle your new answer. For example:

Example 1. How many months are there in a year?



- B. 17 months.
- C. 12 months.
- D. 10 months.

Reading

You will read 3 texts and answer several questions.

Writing

Lastly, you will write a short composition, following some instructions.



The whole test lasts 60 minutes.

Listening - The wedding

Listen to Jackie and Richard talk about the last wedding they went to. Choose the best option (a, b, c or d) or complete the sentences as in the example (0).

Definitions

Bride: a woman who is getting married.

Groom: a man who is getting married.

Bridesmaid: a woman who helps the bride on her wedding day.

Best man: a man who helps another man on his wedding day.

- 0. <u>Example:</u> Jackie and Richard went to the wedding in the UK in July....
- 1. The woman who got married, the bride, is Jackie's...
 - A. cousin
 - B. daughter
 - C. niece
 - **D.** sister

Análisis de la pregunta 1		
Proceso evaluado Localizar información		
Puntuación máxima	1	
Grado de complejidad	Muy fácil	
Tipo de pregunta Cerrada		

- 2. The groom is....
 - A. called Tonny
 - B. from Seville
 - C. not British
 - **D.** the first Spanish person in the family

Análisis de la pregunta 2	
Proceso evaluado Localizar información	
Puntuación máxima	1
Grado de complejidad	Fácil
Tipo de pregunta	Cerrada

3. The wedding ceremony before the meal and the dance was celebrated in a _____.

Marking criteria		
Marks Answer		
0	An incorrect or incomplete response.	
1 "Hotel".		
Minor spelling mistakes will be accepted.		

Análisis de la pregunta 3	
Proceso evaluado Localizar información	
Puntuación máxima	1
Grado de complejidad	Muy fácil
Tipo de pregunta Abierta	

- 4. In the wedding ceremony there was / were...
 - A. no best man
 - B. no friends
 - **C.** no rings
 - **D.** two bridesmaids

Análisis de la pregunta 4	
Proceso evaluado Localizar información	
Puntuación máxima	1
Grado de complejidad	Difícil
Tipo de pregunta	Cerrada

- 5. In Britain, the woman who gets married arrives at the ceremony with...
 - A. her best man
 - **B.** her bridesmaids
 - C. her father
 - **D.** her mother

Análisis de la pregunta 5	
Proceso evaluado Localizar información	
Puntuación máxima	1
Grado de complejidad	Fácil
Tipo de pregunta	Cerrada

6. The wedding was quite typical with drinks before and after the ceremony and lots of ______, and a big sit down

Marking criteria		
Marks Answer		
0	An incorrect or incomplete response.	
1 "Photographs" and "meal".		
Minor spelling mistakes will be accepted.		

Análisis de la pregunta 6		
Proceso evaluado Localizar información		
Puntuación máxima	1	
Grado de complejidad	Difícil	
Tipo de pregunta	Abierta	

- 7. Jackie uses the adjective perfect to describe...
 - **A.** the hotel
 - **B.** the views from the hotel
 - C. the weather
 - **D.** the people

Análisis de la pregunta 7	
Proceso evaluado Localizar información	
Puntuación máxima	1
Grado de complejidad	Fácil
Tipo de pregunta	Cerrada

8. The groom's sister used a _____ and a ____ when she gave the speech.

Marking criteria		
Marks Answer		
An incorrect or incomplete response.		
1 "laptop" / "projector".		
Minor spelling mistakes will be accepted.		
Wrong word order will not be penalised ("laptop" / "projector" - "projector" / "laptop").		

Análisis de la pregunta 8	
Proceso evaluado Localizar información	
Puntuación máxima	1
Grado de complejidad	Normal
Tipo de pregunta Abierta	

- 9. The wedding ceremony was different because the person who cried was...
 - **A.** the bride
 - **B.** the bride's mother
 - C. the groom
 - **D.** the groom's mother

Análisis de la pregunta 9	
Proceso evaluado Localizar información	
Puntuación máxima	1
Grado de complejidad	Normal
Tipo de pregunta	Cerrada

- 10. One title for this listening could be...
 - **A.** A BORING WEDDING IN A RELAXED ATMOSPHERE
 - B. A LOVELY FUN WEDDING
 - **C**. A BORING FORMAL WEDDING
 - **D**. A UNIQUE AND LUXURIOUS WEDDING CEREMONY

Análisis de la pregunta 10				
Proceso evaluado Integrar: comprensión global				
Puntuación máxima	1			
Grado de complejidad	Normal			
Tipo de pregunta Cerrada				

Reading 1 – Notices

PART 1. For the next 5 questions, choose the most suitable answer (A - G). Use each letter once only.

Which notice (A - G) means this?

It says	No	tice					
Example: Drinking and eating are not allowed!	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G H
11. Cash is not accepted.	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
12. If you buy your tickets in advance, you'll get a better price.	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G
13. Please, offer your seat if someone is in need.	A	В	С	D	Ε	F	G
14. Take care of your suitcases and personal belongings.	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
15. You have to show your ticket to go past here.	A	В	С	D	E	F	G

Análisis de la pregunta 11		
Proceso evaluado Reflexionar		
Puntuación máxima 1		
Grado de complejidad Normal		
Tipo de pregunta Cerrada		

Análisis de la pregunta 12		
Proceso evaluado Interpretar		
Puntuación máxima 1		
Grado de complejidad	Difícil	
Tipo de pregunta	Cerrada	

Análisis de la pregunta 13		
Proceso evaluado Interpretar		
Puntuación máxima 1		
Grado de complejidad Muy fácil		
Tipo de pregunta Cerrada		

Análisis del ítem 14			
Proceso evaluado Localizar información			
Puntuación máxima 1			
Grado de complejidad Fácil			
Tipo de pregunta Cerrada			

Análisis del ítem 15		
Proceso evaluado Localizar información		
Puntuación máxima 1		
Grado de complejidad Normal		
Tipo de pregunta Cerrada		







D



TICKETS
Card Payments

Oyster
Charles paid
Control Particular
Control

Ε

SECURITY NOTICE

F

Do not leave bags or luggage unattended

G

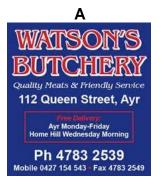




PART 2. For the next 5 questions, choose the most suitable answer (A - G). Use each letter once only.

Which notice (A - G) means this?

It says	No	tice						
Example: Switch off your mobile!	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G (H)	1
16. Don't go to this shop if you're a vegan.	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	
17. If you're looking for a job, you'll find an opportunity there.	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	
18. They will be back soon.	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	
19. There are new books in the shop.	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	
20. You can get a better price if you are a member.	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	





В





C











Análisis de la pregunta 16

Proceso evaluado Puntuación máxima Grado de complejidad Tipo de pregunta

Reflexionar sobre el contenido

Difícil Cerrada

Análisis de la pregunta 17

Proceso evaluado

Localizar información

Puntuación máxima

Normal

Grado de complejidad Tipo de pregunta

Cerrada

Análisis de la pregunta 18

Proceso evaluado

Interpretar

Puntuación máxima Grado de complejidad

Fácil

Tipo de pregunta

Cerrada

Análisis de la pregunta 19

Proceso evaluado Puntuación máxima Interpretar

Grado de complejidad Tipo de pregunta

Fácil Cerrada

Análisis de la pregunta 20

Proceso evaluado Puntuación máxima Localizar información

Grado de complejidad Tipo de pregunta

Fácil Cerrada

Reading 2 – London

Read this text and answer the questions.



Over the past 2000 years, London has survived invasions, epidemics, fires, periods of great poverty and hunger and air raids in the 2^{nd} World War. The history of London is incredible, as it grew from a small Roman town to one of the greatest cities in the world.

London (Londinium) was founded¹ by the Romans in AD 47 on the banks of the river Thames, after the Romans successfully invaded Britain. There are still bits of Roman London all over the city. They chose the place on the River Thames because it was a quick way to transport goods between Britain and the continent. The Romans saw this and built the town of Londinium around the river's main crossing point. They built the first London Bridge.

The Romans built many major structures in Londinium including temples or sanctuaries, bathhouses, a basilica and a governor's palace. Around 200 AD, they built a defensive wall around the city called *London Wall*. The wall was around three miles long, 20 feet high and 8 feet wide. You can still see bits of the Roman Wall that surrounded the city today. The biggest pieces can be seen from the Museum of London.

The system of roads that the Romans built is still working as modern roads in Britain. Of the fifteen British routes recorded in the 2nd or 3rd century, seven ran to or from Londinium.

After the Romans, the Saxons, the Vikings and the Normans invaded Britain and London. Today, London is one of the world's most exciting places and has been called the world's most impressive, most expensive, and most-popular-for-

-

¹ TO FOUND: start, build

work city. It now has around 8 million people, one of the biggest cities in the world. Together they speak over 300 languages. In 2012, London became the first city to have organised three modern Summer Olympic Games.

21. In which paragraph do we get information about Roman architecture in Londinium?

- A. Paragraph 1
- B. Paragraph 2
- C. Paragraph 3
- **D.** Paragraph 4
- E. Paragraph 5

Análisis de la pregunta 21				
Proceso evaluado Integrar: comprensión global				
Puntuación máxima 1				
Grado de complejidad Muy fácil				
Tipo de pregunta Cerrada				

22. London has...

- **A.** always been one of the greatest cities in the world.
- B. an extraordinary history.
- **C.** no record of its foundation.
- **D.** no signs today of its Roman origin.

Análisis de la pregunta 22				
Proceso evaluado Integrar: comprensión global				
Puntuación máxima	1			
Grado de complejidad Fácil				
Tipo de pregunta Cerrada				

23. The River Thames was important because it offered...

- A. a good transport system.
- **B.** an opportunity to build bridges.
- **C.** fresh water.
- **D.** space to build major structures.

Análisis de la pregunta 23		
Proceso evaluado Interpretar		
Puntuación máxima 1		
Grado de complejidad Fácil		
Tipo de pregunta	Cerrada	

- 24. The wall around London...
 - **A.** was built the year London was founded.
 - B. can still be seen today.
 - **C.** is inside the museum of London.
 - **D.** was much more than 3 miles long.

Análisis de la pregunta 24				
Proceso evaluado Localizar información				
Puntuación máxima	1			
Grado de complejidad Difícil				
Tipo de pregunta	Cerrada			

25.	List	4	types	of	buildi	ings	that	existed	in	Londinium	and	that
	are r	ner	ntioned	in	this	text	:			_,		
					and	d		_				

Marking criteria				
Marks Answer				
0	An incorrect or incomplete response.			
1	1 "Temples" (or "sanctuaries"), "bathhouses", "basilica", "palace".			

Análisis de la pregunta 25			
Proceso evaluado	Localizar información		
Puntuación máxima	1		
Grado de complejidad	Muy fácil		
Tipo de pregunta	Abierta		

- 26. Only <u>TWO</u> of these statements are true. Circle the <u>TWO</u> statements that are true.
 - **A.** All paragraphs in the text are about the Roman conquest of Britain and the foundation of London.
 - **B.** Before the Romans, London was called Londinium.
 - C. London has not always been the big city we know today.
 - **D.** The history of London has always been peaceful.
 - E. The road network the Romans built in Britain is visible today.

Marking criteria				
Marks	Answer			
0	An incorrect or incomplete response.			
1	London has not always been the big city we know today. The road network the Romans built in Britain is visible today.			

Análisis de la pregunta 26

Proceso evaluado
Puntuación máxima
Grado de complejidad
Tipo de pregunta

Interpretar e integrar

1
Difícil
Cerrada

27. Apart from the Romans, the _____, the _____, and the_____ also invaded Britain.

Marking criteria				
Marks Answer				
0	An incorrect or incomplete response.			
1	"Saxons", "Vikings" and "Normans".			

Análisis de la pregunta 27			
Proceso evaluado Localizar información			
Puntuación máxima	1		
Grado de complejidad	Muy fácil		
Tipo de pregunta	Abierta		

28. London today is...

- **A.** a city where less than 300 languages are spoken.
- **B.** a city where people can buy anything they want for a reasonable price.
- **C.** the largest city in the world.
- D. the city with more Summer Olympic Games in its history.

Análisis de la pregunta 28			
Proceso evaluado	Interpretar		
Puntuación máxima	1		
Grado de complejidad	Difícil		
Tipo de pregunta	Cerrada		

- 29. One title for this text could be...
 - A. LONDON, ITS INTERESTING HISTORY
 - B. LONDON, A MULTICULTURAL CITY
 - C. LONDON, THE MOST POPULAR DESTINATION IN THE WORLD
 - D. LONDON AND ITS TRAGIC HISTORY

Análisis de la pregunta 29

Proceso evaluado Puntuación máxima

Integrar: comprensión global

Grado de complejidad Tipo de pregunta

Cerrada

Fácil

Reading 3 - My Pet

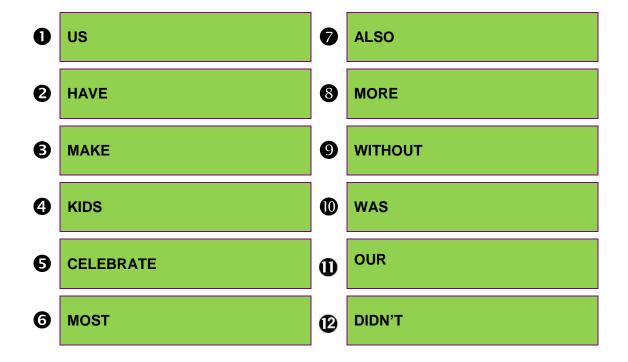
In this part of the exam you need to fill in 12 gaps. Read the text below and choose the correct word for each blank from the choices given in the next page.



Pets are the best thing you can have in life. They are the only ones who love				
1) unconditionally. Pets always offer everything they				
2) without asking for anything in return. They want to				
3) their owner happy. Nowadays, even the term 'owner' is changing.				
People think of their pets as 4) and of themselves as parents.				
People treat them as humans. For instance, they 5) their birthdays,				
get those matching clothes and more.				
Common pets you can find at anyone's place are dogs, the best friend a person can				
have and the 6) obedient and loyal animal. I 7)				
have a pet dog that we got when he was a little baby and I love him				
8) than myself. All my family members adore him. We love his silly				
tricks and cannot imagine our lives 9) him. We named him Sasha.				
When I 10) thirteen, my father adopted Sasha. His friend's dog had				
given birth to puppies and they decided to put the puppies up for adoption. We				
convinced 11) father to get one. They knew the family well and so				
they immediately agreed. We still 12) know then that our lives would				
change forever after his entrance.				

30. Write the word that corresponds to each number:

ALSO	HAVE	MORE	US
CELEBRATE	KIDS	MOST	WAS
DIDN'T	MAKE	OUR	WITHOUT



Marking criteria				
Marks Answer				
0 – 3	0.25 for each correct answer.			

	Análisis de la pregunta 30
Proceso lector evaluado en todos los <i>gaps</i>	Reflexionar sobre el contenido y sobre la forma
Puntuación máxima	3 puntos (0,25 cada respuesta correcta)
Gap	1
Respuesta correcta	US
Grado de complejidad	Normal
Gap	2
Respuesta correcta	HAVE
Grado de complejidad	Normal
Gap	3
Respuesta correcta	MAKE
Grado de complejidad	Difícil
Gap	4
Respuesta correcta	KIDS
Grado de complejidad	Fácil
Gap	5
Respuesta correcta	CELEBRATE
Grado de complejidad	Fácil
Gap	6
Respuesta correcta	MOST
Grado de complejidad	Normal
Gap	7
Respuesta correcta	ALSO
Grado de complejidad	Normal
Gap	8
Respuesta correcta	MORE
Grado de complejidad	Fácil
Gap	9
Respuesta correcta	WITHOUT
Grado de complejidad	Difícil
Gap	10
Respuesta correcta	WAS
Grado de complejidad	Difícil
Gap	11
Respuesta correcta	OUR
Grado de complejidad	Normal
Gap	12
Respuesta correcta	DIDN'T
Grado de complejidad	Difícil

Writing

You have to write **an essay** (around 125 words) with the title **"MY BEST HOLIDAY"**. In your essay, try to mention the following questions:

- > Where you went and how.
- > Kind of accomodation.
- > The things you did there and the funniest or happiest thing that happened to you.
- > Why it was a great holiday and how you felt.

ORGANIZE YOUR IDEAS before you start writing (this planning is scored).

First paragraph	
Second paragraph	
Third paragraph	
Fourth paragraph	

31.	Now write your text here:		I

This part is for the teacher only		Mark 0, 1 or 2
	Planning	
Task	Adequacy	
	Coherence	
	Cohesion	
Language	Grammatical accuracy	
Language	Spelling accuracy	
	Lexical Range	
	/14	

HOW TO MARK THE COMPOSITION

It is likely that the 2nd ESO teachers that have to mark this composition are using this kind of rubric for the first time. Acknowledging the difficulty of the task we enclose a simple guide to help them with the marking.

Marking the composition

The 14 marks of the writing task are divided into TASK and LANGUAGE.

- A) TASK comprises the aspects of PLANNING, ADEQUACY and COHERENCE.
- <u>PLANNING</u>: The written text has to respond to the planning of structures, vocabulary, paragraphs, etc. that are going to be used.

The student needs to plan in schematic form what will be developed more thoroughly later–single ideas, short phrases, vocabulary referred to the topic, connectors that may be used later, the anticipated number of paragraphs, etc.

In this particular case students may mention in schematic form:

- Where they went and how.
- > The kind of accommodation.
- > The things they did there and an anecdote, something funny or happy that happened to them.
- > Why it was a great holiday and how they felt.

They will probably use the frame given for the scheme, which has also been used in the model.

• <u>ADEQUACY</u>: The text must respond appropriately to the task given and the length required. Besides, it must meet the requirements regarding layout, mode of discourse, register, etc.

In this particular example we contemplate a typical "my favourite holiday" class essay. The student has to write an essay of around 12 lines giving, firstly some details about where they went and the means of transport they used, the kind of accommodation. Then they have to give a short narrative about the things they did and the funniest or happiest thing that happened to them and finally they have to talk about their feelings.

All the details that are requested in the instructions have to be dealt with for the task to be considered satisfactory. The language has to be standard.

• <u>COHERENCE</u>: The text has to be coherent. It must be understood without great difficulty by the reader. In this composition the student has to deal with all the items requested in the instructions in a logical, clear, well-ordered manner. The model and the draft should contribute to that.

- **B) LANGUAGE** comprises the aspects of COHESION, GRAMMATICAL ACCURACY, SPELLING ACCURACY and LEXICAL RANGE
- <u>COHESION</u>: The text must contain the right cohesive devices. In this particular composition, the writing is practically organised for them and there should be at least 3 or 4 paragraphs. They will also need to use some cohesive devices like AFTER THAT, WHEN, THEN, FINALLY, AND, BUT, SO, BECAUSE. Even if no cohesive devices are used, cohesion can be expressed through the use of sentences ordered in a logical way, the use of relative pronouns, personal or reflexive pronouns.... and of course by the use of paragraphs to differentiate pieces of information.
- GRAMMATICAL ACCURACY: The text has to show correctness and control of the use of the structures that must have been mastered by the end of 2nd ESO. In this composition students could use:
 - The PAST SIMPLE OF DIFFERENT REGULAR AND IRREGULAR VERBS
 - The PAST CONTINUOUS of some verbs (while I was swimming, s/he was....; I
 was playing, when he hit me...)
 - Some students with a high command of English could even use the PAST PERFECT (after we had arrived, I realised that....)
 - COMPARATIVE SENTENCES (it was the highest mountain; the room was bigger than my whole flat....)
 - QUANTIFIERS (we did a lot of things; I was a bit confused when I saw...)
 - The RIGHT ORDER of the different elements in the sentence (subject + verb + complement), etc.
- <u>SPELLING ACCURACY</u>: The text must respond to the spelling accuracy expected for the vocabulary acquired by the end of 2_{nd} ESO. Occasional mistakes are acceptable in less frequent words.
- <u>LEXICAL RANGE</u>: The text must show the lexical richness and variety expected by the end of 2_{nd} ESO.

THE EXPECTED VOCABULARY could be:

- NOUNS and VERBS to refer to travelling and different means of transport (went by car, I flew to Edinburgh, we took a bus, it took us 3 hours to get there...)
- ADVERBS to give a temporal framework (last year, in August....)
- NOUNS referring to different types of accommodation (bed and breakfast, hotel, camping, room, bathroom....)
- ADJECTIVES to describe the kind of accommodation (large, huge, big, nice, poor, decent, expensive, cheap.....)
- NOUNS and VERBS related to daily routines (I got up, went out, had lunch...)
- NOUNS and VERBS related to different activities (I went swimming, I went hiking, I went surfing, I went to the cinema / the disco, I played tennis/volleyball, I met new friends, I watched the stars in the sky...)
- ADJECTIVES to describe why it was a great holiday (sunny, perfect, beautiful scenery, quiet, lively) and your feelings (happy, excited, sad to leave...)

We suggest that for all the seven different aspects assessed you start checking the text against the middle column (mark 1) and then move up or down as necessary.

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA – WRITING

We suggest you read through the text checking each of the seven different aspects being assessed. Please use the column in the middle (1 mark) as the base line and mark up or down as appropriate.

	MARKS			
		0	1	2
TASK	PLANNING	There is no previous planning	Partial or incomplete planning	Adequate planning (there is a draft or outline, clear notes and ideas etc.)
	ADEQUACY	None of the points in the instructions are mentioned	Some of these four aspects have been achieved: - Just some points in the instructions are mentioned; - the number of words may not be correct; - the layout may not be adequate; - the register may not be appropriate (only one or two of these four aspects)	Most of these four aspects have been achieved: - All the points in the instructions are mentioned; - the number of words is appropriate; - the layout is adequate; - the register is appropriate
	COHERENCE	Incoherent text	Easy to understand, although there are some incoherent points that may make some things difficult to understand	Easy to understand. A clearly coherent text
	COHESION	No cohesive devices are used	Some cohesive devices are used. There may be some mistakes	Cohesive devices, linking sentences and paragraphs. No serious mistakes
UAGE	GRAMMATICAL ACCURACY *	Basic mistakes on 2 nd year ESO structures	Some acceptable grammatical errors on 2 nd year ESO structures	Mainly adequate use of 2 nd year ESO structures
LANGI	SPELLING ACCURACY*	Many spelling mistakes in basic vocabulary	Some spelling mistakes (between three and six)	Most words are written correctly, only some occasional mistakes (no more than two in a ten-line text)
	LEXICAL RANGE	Limited range of vocabulary	Use of basic vocabulary, enough to convey the message	Rich and varied vocabulary for 2 nd year ESO
	Only the total	mark is to be introdu	ıced in EDUCA	Total

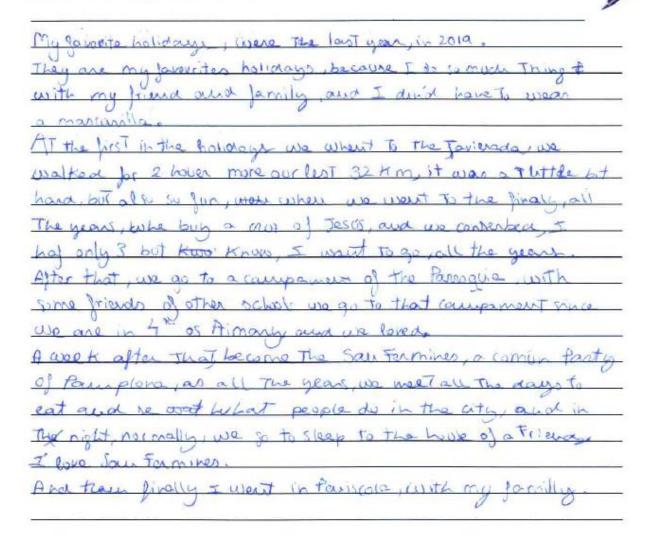
SOME SAMPLE MARKED COMPOSITIONS

Below are several authentic samples of marked compositions written by 2nd year ESO pupils and the marks given for Task and Language.

This part is for the <u>teacher</u> only		Mark 0, 1 or 2
	Planning	1
Task	Adequacy	1
	Coherence	1
	Cohesion	1
Language	Grammatical accuracy	0
Language	Spelling accuracy	0
	Lexical Range	1
Item 31 – Total:		5

First paragraph	My favourite holiday, was the last year in 2019. Because we din't get have to use, the massarillar, and I went in lost of places whit my prevar.
Second paragraph	we whent to the Javierada, all toghether ist was to hand, but also to much Junky.
Third paragraph	After that, we get the a comparment, that use go all the years, and we go with the parroguia is so cool. After that Become the san Firmines, that they were great
Fourth paragraph	Somily in temistola.

31. Now write your text here:



This part is for the teacher only		Mark 0, 1 or 2
	Planning	1
Task	Adequacy	1
	Coherence	2
	Cohesion	1
Language	Grammatical accuracy	0
Language	Spelling accuracy	2
	Lexical Range	0
Item 31 – Total:		7

First paragraph	Go to Valenciaa and explain what do eur and Almeria
Second paragraph	Village and swimming pool freed
Third paragraph	Surveying pool , Village
Fourth paragraph	Village and settock

31. Now write your text here:

MY BEST HOLIDAY In this holidays I do a lot of thing in Jone every day I went to the survive pool with my priend. In July we role brake Su Fermines with my friends and family. Then we went to Apuplia because my family have in Enix [Acredulce) a house. We stay in Enix and Aguadulce one week visited things, like coutles, museum. .. One week letter of stay in Bion we went to Viscouria. In Vigoriain we went all of the years. We stay one used with friends or Pamplan In August I went to my killage (), I stay one week with my causin and my greens of villago. Them 1 in Pumplan my and my frank we decided wenter to bake because one frenk they have a house, and he invited all of eterals. Over liche to went every days to swimming port to stay with friends. One day we do a socionais in the swimming pool in lines of August he start the start training somming with the Fleam. At final of Agost we went to village two days. He stay with all of people of village to "despedice". Add fruelly we want to Paup love. In pamplois we start school at 4 of september. In conclusive, this summer is my favorite because I do a lot of thing, as and I meet new people!

This part is for the <u>teacher</u> only		Mark 0, 1 or 2
	Planning	1
Task	Adequacy	1
	Coherence	1
	Cohesion	1
Language	Grammatical accuracy	1
Language	Spelling accuracy	2
	Lexical Range	1
Item 31 – Total:		8

First paragraph	- I went to Denia in holidays FI went there the corgost, the first week of august.
Second paragraph	- I was there in a (apartterns) apportants aparte new the blocker beach.
Third paragraph	-There I had a great time with my family, going to the beach, doing snorkee.
Fourth paragraph	I relaxed a lot and I did a lot of activities.

31. Now write your text here:
"My best holiday"
First I have gone to my village that is inside Navara. There I passed I great theme with my grandparents and my Friends of there. I went to the river Aragan to take a bath and I went to the swimming pool of my village and or the pool of my coisin, I have my village because I do thing that in the city I arount don't do. With my family I go to Demia a town very beautiful of Account I have my will age because
With my family I went to Denia town very beautif in Alicente. I went there by cor, the first week of august:
I went to an apparements near the beach with swimming pool. May with my family, my perent sleep in a room, my sister in another room and my brother and neve in a rear together.
In houday I had a great time, I did toth of amazing activities, like go to an island, did snorkel, go to the beach I lave doing snorked because you see all the animals in the sea
The was solved and I still a late of activities

This part is for the teacher only		Mark 0, 1 or 2
	Planning	2
Task	Adequacy	2
	Coherence	2
	Cohesion	2
Language	Grammatical accuracy	0
Language	Spelling accuracy	1
	Lexical Range	1
Item 31 – Total:		10

First paragraph	t went to Salou This summer
Second paragraph	we went to our apartament
Third paragraph	We went to Port Aventura, boat party, the happiest thing was when we go to
Fourth paragraph	This holidays are great because we week new griends, we stay on family too, and in the beach we saw some of my friends from times.

31. Now write your text here:

SUMMER HOLDAYS.

This summer we and my family went to Salou, First I went with my man and my dad, and to days later my grandwother came with my brother and my sister in train, when our stay in the apartament we dean all and leter we went to the pad with our griends of the others aportaments, when we came to the apprehiment we had a shower and we want to have The next day we went to Port Aventura. It was the funniest day! Because we meet hew friends and all of the atractions were very finny. The other 4 days we didn't do nothing interesant, we go to the god, beach, the center of salou. The last day me and my friends went to a boat party with my sister and it was very coal! I lover this holidays because I stay with my family and priends!

This part is for the <u>teacher</u> only		Mark 0, 1 or 2
Task	Planning	1
	Adequacy	1
	Coherence	2
Language	Cohesion	2
	Grammatical accuracy	2
	Spelling accuracy	1
	Lexical Range	2
Item 31 – Total:		11

First paragraph	(where and how) - Cataluna - by cor - beach
Second paragraph	(what 1 did) - met - see new places
Third paragraph	(who is
Fourth paragraph	(what is a great holiday)

31. Now write your text here: BEST HOLIDAU Combrils (Cataluna Smain) by car with my mom and my sister we stoned there for two weeks. In this time I met ce become your Jose grien), and our formats too cup saw very beautiful closes and a lot of new things at the end of the second week she bld me she Madrid (I'm Room Novarra 4 hours for from Modrid very Alter that holidays widn't sawher lo of time but after 4 commerce we met in the same How we are best griends and dere so we keep in contact This was agreet holiday because I met my best friend and I sent for the first time to absach

This part is for the <u>teacher</u> only		Mark 0, 1 or 2
Task	Planning	2
	Adequacy	2
	Coherence	2
Language	Cohesion	2
	Grammatical accuracy	1
	Spelling accuracy	2
	Lexical Range	2
Item 31 – Total:		13

First paragraph	I wen't to Galicia by train.
Second paragraph	I was in my grandparents house.
Third paragraph	I went to visit my great grand mother and my cosins too, The funniest and the happiest thing was in my great mother house.
Fourth paragraph	Was a great holiday because I live in Pampion a and I don't see my family a lot. I felt very happy and I want to repeat it.

my name is . I have 14 years and I will write about my host will be to years and I will When I was about 12 years old I formed moved to Pampiona from Galicia but I have family in there. A year later, in summer, my sister and I decided to go to visit my grandpurents, greatgrand mother and cousins and a month later we went. We went in train but the plane is the best option to travel. We arrived the (752 (6) July's 25th and my grandfather were there to took me We were in my grandparent's house but also we went a night to my aunt's . (Hosse) we were there 10 days. We went to visit -, my greatgrandmether and we are in his house. She did my favourite soup and a perfect octopus Two or maybe three days after that we went to the beach also rainning cause was not the wonderful weather. The funniest or happies thing () that happend to me I think was eating with my greatgrandmother remembering that smell and laughing (toghe) together. was a great holydry because I miss them a lot and when I was in that table surrounded the persons who take and took care of me and my sister I felt so happy to be tike with that) like that again.

This part is for the <u>teacher</u> only		Mark
		0, 1 or 2
Task	Planning	2
	Adequacy	2
	Coherence	2
Language	Cohesion	2
	Grammatical accuracy	2
	Spelling accuracy	2
	Lexical Range	2
Item 31 – Total:		14

First paragraph	-Introduction -where did I go -who did I go with
Second paragraph	- Where did Istayed
Third paragraph	- what did I visit - A Junny thing that happened to me
Fourth paragraph	why it was a great holiday

31. Now write your text here:

MY BEST HOLIDAY

